British Nationalist
FOR RACE AND NATION
Special Election Issue, April 1992
30p

A QUARTER OF A MILLION A YEAR!

Immigrant flood now bigger than ever — despite promises of 'controls'

THERE IS ONE ISSUE none of the leading politicians are talking about in this election.

Amongst all the arguments about taxes, interest rates, the health service and education, hardly a word is being spoken about the question which, more than any other, affects Britain's future as a nation. It is almost as if the leaders of the Tory, Labour and Liberal Democrat parties had entered into a secret agreement to say nothing about it — in the hope that the voters would forget it even exists.

The issue? Race and immigration.

This conspiracy of silence should cause us no surprise when we consider the latest figures for people entering this country. According to a report released in February by the Office of Population Censuses and Surveys, in 1990 (the latest year for which figures are available) **no less than 267,000 people arrived in Britain from overseas.**

This figure will no doubt astound those who have been naive enough to believe Government assurances, repeated several times over the past year or so, that immigration is now down to a level of no more than 50,000 a year. Of course, we have known this to be a lie, but up to now we have not been able to prove it. The statistics produced by the OPCS (which is itself a government department) can hardly be disputed —except to say that those statistics do not take account of the numbers of **illegal** immigrants coming in, of which of course there is no record.

According to a report in the *Daily Mail* of February 7th, the number of immigrants entering Britain in 1990 was "the highest number since records began 26 years ago." The same report stated that the 1990 figures exceeded those of the previous year, 1989, by no less than 122,000. In other words, **in a year the numbers coming in almost doubled!**

These figures establish beyond any possible doubt that our politicians, particularly those of the Tory Government, have been deliberately deceiving the people as to the true level of immigration. They are scared — and with reason — that if the facts were known there would be a massive revolt against them by the people they have long betrayed.

THE TRUTH COMES OUT
Below is the headline in the* Daily Mail *on February 7th exposing the lies of the politicians about the level of immigration

Rush of immigrants at an all-time high

THE DARKENING OF BRITAIN
Above: Blacks seen on a recent political demonstration in London; below: pupils at a British school in the 1980s.

SEE
Immigration: the conspiracy of silence
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Editor: John Morse

IMMIGRATION: TIME FOR HONESTY

BRITAIN is being swamped by aliens.

Anyone of average intelligence and with his five senses intact can see it. Our streets and neighbourhoods are filling up with black, brown and yellow faces. Nor is it any longer just the big cities that are affected; provincial towns and even villages, where only a few years ago the presence of non-Whites would have been almost unthinkable, are now starting to acquire Afro-Asian elements.

Make no mistake. This is a crisis for the nation more serious and far-reaching than any it has ever had to face in its entire history — even when it was threatened by invasion in war.

No nation can possibly survive if the people who comprise it become ethnically extinct. And this is exactly what will happen to us if the present rate of immigration continues. The prolific newcomers are today fast outbreeding us. In certain areas they are becoming the majority and are able to wield political power. Where they intermarry with the native British, the result is a half-caste offspring — entirely different from the stock which gave us our national identity. Don't say this isn't possible; it's happened more than once down through history.

The whole issue now depends on ordinary British folk firmly standing up and saying no to what is being done to their country by the politicians and powers that be.

The whole business of turning Britain multi-racial has been carried through by stealth and trickery. There has never been anything legitimate about it.

Ever since the process began after the war, soft soap and lies have been used to hide what was being done. Then, when the outcome became too obvious to be hidden any longer, it was presented to the British people as an accomplished fact about which — for no reason that was ever explained — nothing could be done.

If a mood of protest did develop, the Tories would come along at election time, like Mrs. Thatcher in 1979, posturing before the voters with a bogus 'immigration control' policy. Of course, once in power, the Tories would immediately disregard their earlier play-acting. Having put many Britons to sleep for the next decade with her '79 performance, Mrs. T. quietly opened the floodgates during the 1980s, allowing record numbers of Afro-Asians to pour into Britain.

But now Mr. Major has opted to discard his predecessor's type of trickery. With many British people wiser and perhaps a shade less likely to be conned, and with fears about immigration on the increase, he has opted to give this life-and-death issue the silent treatment.

Mr. Major's official order to the Tory Party's campaign managers not to mention race in this election brings the Tories firmly into line with their opponents. They, as much as Labour and the Liberal Democrats, want mass immigration to go on. That is now plain. In fact it is quite obviously the policy of Britain's entire political establishment, irrespective of party labels.

It should now be clear to all that resistance to the policy of national suicide through alien immigration can only come from outside the ranks of the established parties — in fact only from the British National Party. From now on it is plain that the only vote that will count for Britain's future is a vote for the BNP!

IMMIGRATION: THE CONSPIRACY OF SILENCE

Scarcely a word from the main parties about the biggest issue of our times

ORGANISED AND MILITANT
This Moslem group agitating in the streets is just one of the many immigrant lobbies to which our politicians are eager to grovel in their scramble for votes.

PRIME MINISTER John Major has ordered his Tory Party campaign managers to stay *stumm* on the race question during the present election so as to stop it becoming an election issue. This puts him firmly at one over immigration with the Labour Party, whose Shadow Home Secretary Roy Hattersley hysterically opposed and helped to kill the already very weak and wishy-washy Tory Asylum Bill last month, and who is now known to want almost unlimited coloured immigration into Britain. Making up the Unholy Trinity of leading parties who are of one mind and one voice over immigration are the Liberal Democrats, who also are determined not to talk about the subject in the election.

All three parties were urged to adopt this stance by the far-left Runnymede Trust. The Trust, registered as a 'charity', is in fact an agitprop body whose central purpose is to ram unrestricted immigration and multi-racialism down the throats of the British people.

The conspiracy of silence on race and immigration acquiesced in by all the main political parties is of a piece with the blackout on the same subject practised for most of the time by the mass media covering the election. Just occasionally, however, one of the papers lets the cat out of the bag. In a report in the *Sunday Telegraph* on the 9th February it was admitted that in a recent poll of young voters aimed at finding what issues in the coming election concerned them most strongly race emerged at the top of the list, with 37 per-cent of those questioned saying that it was their number-one priority. Of course, not all of this 37 per-cent will think the same way about the race issue but the fact that all are in agreement about the urgency of it is enough to expose the dishonest and conspiratorial nature of the policy of removing it from the electoral agenda.

Another instance of the truth leaking out was the report we have mentioned on this month's front page, where findings of the Office of Population Censuses & Surveys (OPCS, published in the *Daily Mail* on February 7th, showed that immigration into Britain is at an all-time high, with 267,000 acknowledged as coming in during 1990.

ILLEGALS

The above-mentioned figure, however, is likely to be a vast underestimate. One front-line official, David Barrell, former chief of immigration investigations for the Metropolitan area of London, said that the number given of 267,000 only represents legal entrants. ''How many illegal immigrants came in,'' he said, ''is of course impossible to count.'' In other words, what the immigration authorities have any record of is little more than the tip of an iceberg.

Since Britain is bound hand and foot to the UN Convention on Refugees, drawn up some 40 years ago, any alien who turns up at Heathrow Airport with a hard luck story about having been politically 'persecuted' back home where he came from has to be allowed in. The immigration authorities have no facilities to check each and every such story about 'persecution' in the way that our asylum laws require. Nor is there holding space in our prisons or detention centres for the huge numbers now showing up. The result is that newcomers are let into the country, then rapidly disappear into the already established ethnic communities where, with police resources stretched as they now are, it is almost impossible to find them.

The truth is that, even if it was Britain's responsibility to take on her shoulders all the burdens of the Third World by admitting political refugees from distant conflicts — which it most certainly is not — most of the Afro-Asian waifs and strays turning up on our doorstep are not what they claim to be. Few are genuine political refugees at all.

What Mr. Barrell calls the 'genuine cases' are, as he says, ''swamped by the others: the economic migrants, those who want to come to this country for better wages, better social security, a better life.''

WELFARE CON

Whether phony or not, the newcomers are allowed to claim welfare, and some make a good living out of it. One example was an African supposedly from Zaïre, who was finally arrested after claiming many thousands of pounds from the DHSS under a number of aliases.

In fact, few of the illegals ever get to be apprehended except when they are involved in crime of one sort or another. Another case was the North African who murdered Detective Constable Jim Morrison in the West End of London back in December. DC Morrison's killer had come to Britain as part of a huge immigration racket. His arrest led to the rounding up of 200 suspects. 100 of these were deported.

All this, however, is clearly just a drop in the ocean. It is anyone's guess how many illegals go undetected for every one that is pulled.

BIG RACKET

Like drug-dealing, the smuggling of illegals into this country has become big business. Wealthy godfathers in the Third World arrange to 'package' such migrants for a sum of money. The latter can buy false passports and other ID documents, as well as their plane tickets to get them to Britain or other white countries, which they enter with well-rehearsed cover stories designed to twang the heart-strings.

Once in, they are recruited into the Third World sweatshops or other cheap-labour sectors of the economy burgeoning in London and other large cities.

Some come as 'students'. Once they are in, racketeers like Dr. Frederick Rosner fit them out with fake immigration forms. Rosner ran a phony 'business school' in London which was a front for an illegal immigration racket. He collared more than a million pounds in fees, but when he came to court he got off with a suspended sentence and a £5,000 fine!

POLITICIANS' SILENCE

Politicians of all the established parties are deafeningly silent about what, if anything, they mean to do about all this. Similarly, they have nothing to say about how they are going to protect our borders within the EC (which they all favour) under arrangements soon to come into force whereby immigrants landing in any one country will be free to move *en masse* to any other.

Aggressive ethnic pressure groups and lobbies seem to carry more weight with our politicos than the feelings of the native British people, and this tendency is accentuated by the fact that in many key marginal constituencies which could determine the result of the present election the immigrant vote is absolutely crucial. To these politicians, the prospects of a seat in parliament occupy a much higher priority than their nation's future.

Left-wing Labour councillor Narendra Makhanji of Haringey, a member of the 'Anti-Racist Alliance', recently exulted over the way that Major's Tory Government fell tamely into line, partly in response to pressures from the ethnic lobby and its leftist allies, in dropping the Asylum Bill. If the Bill had been passed, he said, ''spheres such as housing and the NHS would have been affected, with passports demanded off black people to check whether or not they were immigrants.''

Many native Britons will think the above is the least that should be required. Many think it is high time that some sort of policy should be laid down, not only for stopping the flood from the Third World that is now reaching crisis level, but for turning it around by mass repatriation.

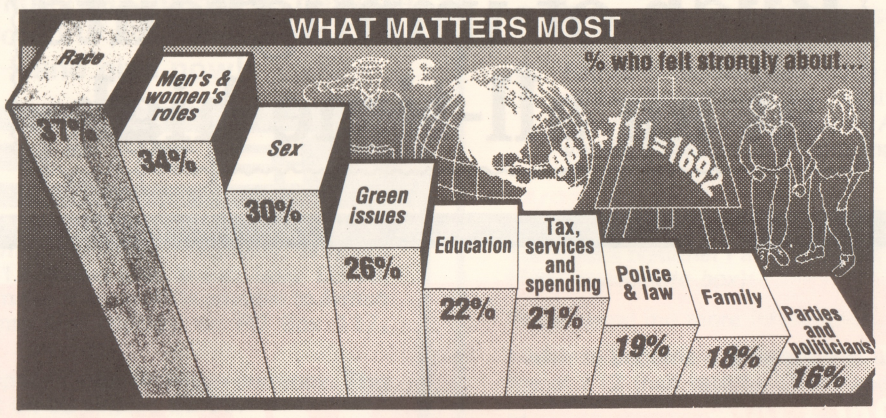
But they're certainly not hearing of any such thing from the Tories, the Labour Party or the Liberal Democrats. Nor are they likely to on present showing. So it's plain they'll have to look elsewhere!

Keep race out of election says Major

by John Williams

JOHN MAJOR has issued personal instructions to the Tory high command to keep race out of the general election campaign.

FORBIDDEN SUBJECT
This is the telltale heading to a report in the London* Evening News *which shows that Prime Minister Major is frantic to ensure there is no discussion during the election of his Government's appalling record on immigration.

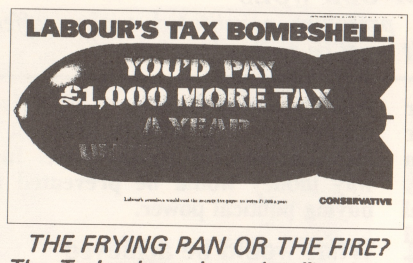


STRONG FEELINGS BUT NO DISCUSSION!
This chart was published to illustrate a recent survey reported in the* Sunday Telegraph. *The survey showed that young voters in Britain felt greater concern about race than about any other issue. Yet all the major parties have vetoed the raising of the issue in their election campaigns.

ELECTION CAMPAIGN ILLUSTRATES BARRENNESS OF OLD PARTY POLITICS

AS this special election issue of our paper goes to press the election campaign is about a week old. Already, what has been demonstrated with abundant clarity is that the established parties of Westminster have very little to offer but mud to throw at each other.

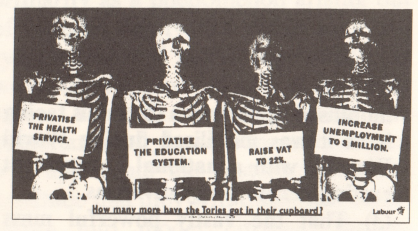
To listen to the party leaders and read the newspapers that support them, one would think that all three would be hard-put to muster a single constructive policy between them. So far their propaganda has been almost wholly negative: cheap jibes against their opponents rather than any convincing ideas for getting Britain out of its appalling mess.



THE FRYING PAN OR THE FIRE?
The Tories have brought disaster to the economy but, they say, things under Labour would be even worse!

The low level of the old-party debate has perhaps been most glaringly shown in the poster campaigns. These demonstrate two things above all: first, the depressingly low estimate they show of the people's intelligence; second, the puerile bitchiness with which they attack each other.

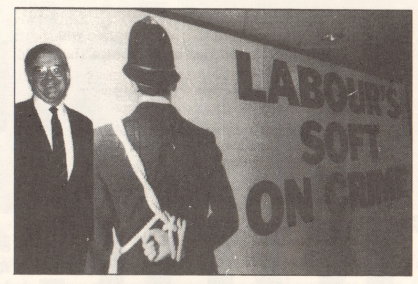
All this is perhaps hardly surprising. To a large extent, the leaders of the Big Three parties have ignored the issues that are most important to many electors — such as Europe, immigration and capital punishment. In the case of the Tories, their own record with the economy after 13 years of power is so lamentable that they seem almost frightened to talk about their policies for the future lest the people ask: "What have you been doing all this time?" As a substitute for such policies, they are spending most of their time slagging off Labour by claiming that under a Kinnock Government things would be even worse! Typical is a poster which claims that people would pay £1,000 a year more tax if Labour were elected — an almost certain lie, if only because Labour would not be so stupid as to adopt a measure that would ensure them massive unpopularity.


PRIVATISE THE HEALTH SERVICE.
PRIVATISE THE EDUCATION SYSTEM.
RAISE VAT TO 22%.
INCREASE UNEMPLOYMENT TO 3 MILLION.
How many more have the Tories got in their cupboard?
Labour

INSULT TO THE INTELLIGENCE
Puerile mud-throwing by Labour using skeletons to illustrate Tory policies.

Another Tory poster reaches the heights of hilarity. This proclaims that "Labour's soft on crime," and it is illustrated by a policeman with a hand tied behind his back. Coming from a party of government which has hamstrung the police in their efforts to deal with black rioting in our inner cities over many years, which has constantly pussyfooted with the IRA and whose own record in the war against the crime wave is worse than pathetic, this beggars belief.

Most of the newspapers have followed the same pattern, but there has been the odd article which has portrayed things as they really are. Peregrine Worsthorne, writing in the *Sunday Telegraph* on March 15th, summed it up perfectlly when he said that the 1992 election, at least where the main parties are concerned, was "a contest of political pygmies." Everything we have so far seen in the campaigns of the Tory, Labour and Liberal Parties confirms this. For those living in constituencies where there is not a British National Party candidate to vote for, it is a depressing choice indeed!



WHO'RE THEY KIDDING?
Kenneth Baker stands by Tory poster attacking Labour's law-and-order policies — but have the Tories any of their own? If Baker's record as Home Secretary is anything to go by, we haven't seen them yet!

THE RECESSION: OUR ANSWER

A 'Buy British' policy must provide the cornerstone for a new industrial revolution which will restore this country's manufacturing capacity and generate full employment

PRIME MINISTER John Major, confronted on March 17th by the latest figures of gloom which show a further decline in industrial production, could think of nothing better to say than that: "We now have the basis for a climb out of recession. We must not permit Labour to spoil it."

This was just the latest of a series of feeble responses by the Government to ever-worsening news about Britain's economic situation. When Mr. Major and his colleagues are not telling us that "we have the basis for a climb out of recession" they are assuring us that recovery from recession "is round the corner." Of course, what has constantly been claimed as "round the corner" never actually comes. The Government has totally lost control in the economic sector, and doesn't even know what it is doing. Like Mr. Micawber, it is now reduced simply to waiting for something to turn up.

Labour and the Liberal Democrats have been anxious in the present election to make capital out of the Tories' appalling economic performance, but there is nothing whatever in their policies to suggest that they would do any better. So far, all they have offered are a few proposals that amount to no more than tinkering at the problem. Over the main issue affecting the decline of British industry they have not come forward with any new policies at all.

And the main issue is of course imports — imports of vast amounts of manufactured goods which in the past we British have, for the most part, made ourselves. Until we cease buying these goods from abroad, and instead employ British workers to produce them, our decline is going to continue.

VISIBLE EVIDENCE

Just standing for five minutes by any busy public highway is enough to see the nature of the problem. A decided majority of the motor cars that pass by will be foreign-made. The same is true of trucks and other commercial vehicles.

Then visit any store selling domestic appliances: TV sets, videos, radios, transistorised tape-recorders, record-players — the lot. British products will be hard to find.

Go into any office. Examine the computers, photo-copyers, typewriters and other office equipment. It is the same story.

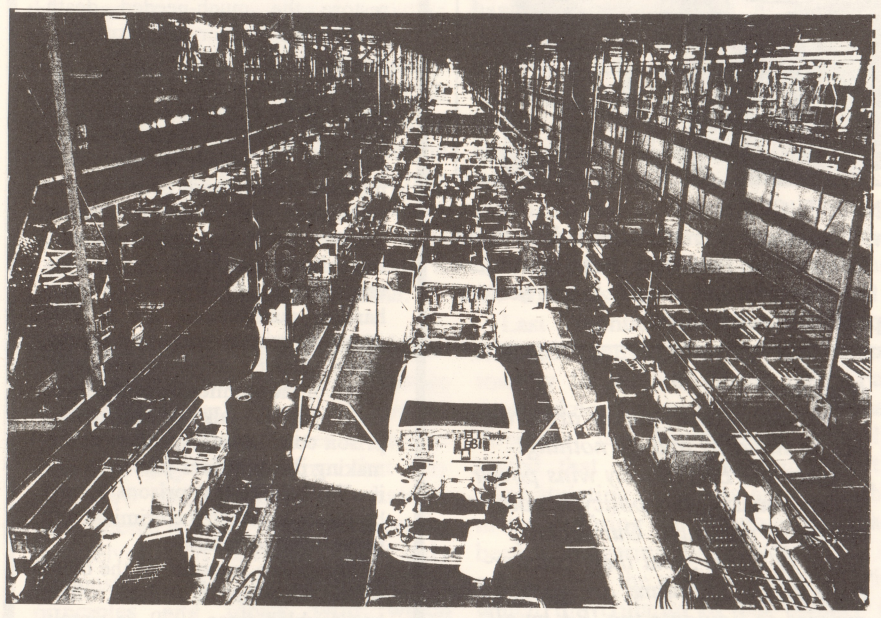
Or visit one of our power stations fuelled by coal, Britain's most plentiful raw material. You will find that an increasing portion of the coal now consumed comes from overseas.

It is no wonder that the jobless total in this country is now heading towards three million, that industrial production is going down, that our balance of payments is continually in the red.

Yet, extraordinarily, none of the major parties fighting this election is prepared to offer an alternative policy: that we stop importing goods we can produce ourselves and instead buy British.

Of course, to do this would, to begin with, mean quitting Europe. The rules of the European Community forbid us protecting our own domestic industries and keeping out imports. Neither the Tories, nor Labour nor the Liberal Democrats will take the step of bringing Britain out of Europe, and so with them any policy for the protection of British manufacturing is a non-starter.

Nor will any of the Big Three parties take steps to shut out the huge volume of goods imported from Japan — despite the fact that the Japs do not reciprocate our trade with them by buying our exports, except on a very tiny scale.



AN INDUSTRY BUILT UP BY PROTECTION
The picture shows a Japanese motor manufacturing plant. The strength of Japanese industry has been achieved by means of a protective policy. Very rarely do the Japs buy their competitors' products, preferring those of their own factories. British manufacturing will only be regenerated if we abandon 'free market doctrines and practise the same policies as the Japanese.

'FREE MARKET' FALLACY

The apologists for the international system under which Britain has been flooded with foreign goods and plagued by unemployment like to defend the system on the grounds that it is a 'free market'. But in fact it is not a free market at all. There is no proper freedom for British exports to enter Japan.

They also like to claim that the huge volume of imports pouring into this country are coming in because British industry is not sufficiently competitive. But that is only partially true.

Many imports that are delivering our own industries to ruin are able to undercut British products because their producers are subsidised by their national governments. Coal is one example of this. Ships are another.

BRITISH MINES UNDER ATTACK
The coal mining industry in this country is being systematically destroyed by the Tory Government, which prefers to import subsidised coal from abroad rather than employ our own miners to produce it. We will reverse this policy and ensure that Britain produces all her own coal.

The price of imports is also affected by the international exchange rate. This has often resulted in the price of British products being artificially high and many imports artificially low. British industry just cannot compete — even when its efficiency is equal to that of its foreign rivals.

What it all amounts to is this: Britain is losing out, and her industries are going to the wall, because of her adherence to the international system. We will only halt this process and achieve industrial recovery when we opt out of this system and adopt a **national** system.

This does not mean opting out of international trade. But it does mean buying from foreigners only those things we cannot produce ourselves — in return for those things of which we can produce a surplus.

OUR PLEDGE

The BNP is pledged to adopt the national system alone by which British industrial recovery can be brought about. First, we will take Britain out of the European Community, and we shall repudiate all other international agreements, including the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT), by which we are forced to admit to British markets products that should and could be made in this country.

We will then revolutionise British industry on the basis of a 'Buy British' policy. Imports of manufactured goods will be gradually phased out, while home industries are built up to fill the gap.

By this method we will provide full employment in Britain. We will put Britain back in the black. We will enable Britain again to become an industrial nation of the very first rank. And we will revive many of the nation's worst depressed areas.

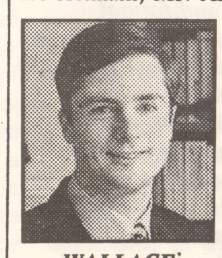
We don't claim for one moment that such a policy will overcome **every** national economic problem. There is room for many changes that will be necessary to get our economy working better, and these changes are dealt with in depth in our Election Manifesto *Fight Back!* as well as being examined in even more detail in John Tyndall's book *The Eleventh Hour*.

But a 'Buy British' policy is the first essential. It must be adopted before any other changes for the better are possible.

If we do not adopt it, Britain is headed for economic death.

A very queer election!

Oh dear, oh dear! Just before the general election, the Tory MP for Hexham, Mr. Alan Amos, was caught by the police engaging in an indecent act with another man on London's Hampstead Heath. Mr. Amos promptly resigned his candidature.



WALLACE
"Gay and proud of it."

But some believe that he should not have done. Up popped Mr. Jonathan Wallace, Liberal Democrat for the same constituency, and proclaimed: "I'm gay and proud of it!"

AMOS
Caught with his pants down —literally.

Voters will perhaps be relieved to know that all BNP candidates in this election are 100 per-cent heterosexual!

All is paralysis; nothing gets done

SOURCE OF OUR WOES
Britain's parliamentary system as presently constituted makes effective government impossible. It must be radically reformed.

AS Britain sinks ever more deeply into recession, the economic policies that could lift her out and generate recovery are simple and straightforward. We have spotlighted the main policy that is needed in an article on the preceding page. We must put up the barriers against the huge volume of foreign manufactured goods now flooding into this country and we must organise British industry to fill the vaccuum. In two words, we must 'buy British'.

Any one of the major parties willing to adopt such a policy would be assured of massive electoral popularity. Yet neither the Tories, Labour nor the Liberal Democrats will do so.

Immigration is now more unpopular than ever among the British people, with something like an 80 per-cent majority believing it should be stopped. Were one of the major parties to come out with a firm pledge to put an end to further immigration and to begin to organise the repatriation of even part of the immigrant communities in this country, that party would immensely increase its rating among the voters. Yet none will do so.

The public is sick of pussyfooting with the IRA and would like to see a policy of uncompromising war against those killers, with the death penalty introduced for terrorist and other types of murder. Any of the main parties which committed itself to such a policy would win many extra votes. Yet none of them will do so.

And the list could go on and on.

People's will thwarted

What we have in the politics of Britain today is almost total paralysis. This country is supposed to be a 'democracy' —meaning that it is a country purported to be governed by the will of the people. Yet how can anyone claim that the people's will prevails when none of the major political parties seems either prepared or able to carry it out?

Every political party wants to win votes.

So if any party is unprepared to carry out a policy for which it knows there is massive electoral support it can only be because there are other pressures exerted upon it — pressures more powerful than any exercised by the voters — that deter it from adopting that policy.

So what are these other pressures?

They are numerous and complex. First there are the pressures applied by various minority groups, particularly ethnic ones. The political system being as it is, such ethnic groups are today in a position in many electoral areas to hold the balance of power between the competing parties. In a narrowly balanced election, who wins in these areas can determine who wins the country.

Then there are the pressures applied by the mass media, which today have become almost more powerful than government itself. It is the mass media which determine the political climate, and it is the political climate which determines which issues are brought to the forefront of public consciousness and which are not.

Not least, there are the pressures applied by money power — big business, the City, the international banks and multi-national companies. These vast agglomerations of wealth supply financial support to the political parties. They buy and sell newspaper networks and they provide those newspapers with their advertising revenue. They control independent TV and radio networks. They are able to provide lucrative directorships to politicians in return for services rendered.

Money rules

In fact money today buys political power. That is the reality of our modern 'democracy'. Every politician and every political party wants to please the voters, especially at election time. But they can only do so within the limits of what is allowed by the hugely influential interest groups that manipulate the politicians and parties behind the scenes, directly or indirectly by the power of money.

It is for this reason that the measures needed to regenerate the British economy and put an end to unemployment are never likely to be adopted under the present political system. The protection of British manufacturing industry against imports, while certain to be popular with millions of voters and, needless to say, many heads of industry, is opposed by the moguls of international finance, the City and the multi-national companies. International finance, above all, profits by the maximisation of international trade. So also does it profit by the freedom of movement allowed to investment capital, which enables it to move money about the world at will, depending on where lie the best sources of immediate profit — another aspect of the system that is highly damaging to the British industrial producer.

THE MEASURES NEEDED TO GET BRITAIN MOVING WILL NEVER BE TAKEN UNDER THE PRESENT POLITICAL SYSTEM. ONLY THROUGH AN ENTIRELY NEW FORM OF NATIONAL LEADERSHIP WILL RECOVERY BE POSSIBLE

And precisely because international finance owns the political parties presently dominating the British scene there is no hope that any of these parties will take the measures needed to revolutionise British industry within a national framework.

Such a revolution can only come about under an entirely new political system. The main needs of such a system are:-

(1) That there is a strong executive, empowered to act — quickly and decisively.

(2) That there is national unity, instead of the nation being split by party warfare. The nation must be mobilised to deal with the crisis facing it as it was mobilised during World War II, with a national government cutting across party divisions.

(3) That the vastly powerful mass communications industry, while remaining free to express opinions and offer constructive criticism of government, cease to be the mouthpieces of the vested interests of big money, especially when those interests are international.

In effect, what is needed is a form of government able to organise the nation in a tremendous team effort, with political leaders working with one another for the nation instead of against one another in the service of party interests.

Need for strong Premier

To achieve this, we have proposed a system under which the Prime Minister is chosen directly by the people in an election free of party labels and party conflict. He should be elected for an indefinite period, subject to the right of parliament to pass a motion of no confidence against him in extreme emergency, in which case he should be required to seek re-election. While in office he should be vested with full executive powers and enabled to choose a cabinet from all the talents available in the nation, irrespective of any party affiliations. At the same time his mandate should not include the right to act in violation of any promises or pledges he made while seeking election.

Parliament, for its part, should be chosen by a method of election under which the people voting can make their choice from knowledge rather than from ignorance, as is largely the case today. Instead of the present geographical franchise, we propose an occupational franchise in which the electorate vote for representatives of their own particular trades, professions or sectional groups — doctors for doctors, engineers for engineers, shopkeepers for shopkeepers, housewives for housewives, and so on.

This parliament, once elected, should then be subdivided into separate chambers depending on the areas of national life in which the members specialise. Again, discussion within these chambers can proceed at a level of professional knowledge and competence — which rarely is the case with parliament today. Specialised debate and legislation would be the purview of these specialist chambers; only a limited range of affairs of crucial general and national importance would be the purview of the national parliament — thus freeing the latter of a vast workload consumed in debating matters over which only a small minority has any understanding. Parliamentary legislation would then be able to operate within a much more comfortable timetable, and would be far more rapid.

Where the necessity for election to the prime ministership did arise, every candidate should be given absolutely equal time and facilities to publicise his candidature and policies, with all such facilities paid for by the state. In this way money would be prevented from buying political power.

What would be achieved

These are the basics of the new electoral system we propose. The system would achieve these things:-

- It would enable the nation to have the benefit of strong leadership not hamstrung by the constant need to manoeuvre for electoral advantage, though still liable to dismissal when it had lost the nation's confidence.
- It would remove party warfare from the arena of politics and enable the political brains and talents of the nation to work together.
- It would enable the elector to base his or her vote on knowledge and understanding of the issues being voted on — and not therefore be led blind by the propaganda of the media.
- It would vastly reduce, if not remove entirely, the influence of money in the wielding of political power.
- It would render both government and parliament capable of much more rapid decision in both law-making and executive action.
- It would not erode any of our basic freedoms but would indeed render our exercise of those freedoms much more effective.

This then is the revolution needed to provide Britain with a system of government that will at last get done the many things which present politics make it impossible to get done. It will put an end to paralysis. It will put an end to division. It will enable Britain to be mobilised for the mighty effort needed to rebuild the nation that the politicians of the old gang have allowed to go to ruin.

IRA terror: we'd wipe it out in a week

EVER SINCE 1968, when the present phase of the troubles in Northern Ireland began, British Governments have been fighting a losing battle with the IRA and its allies. As we come up to the 1992 election, the IRA killers are as active as ever, with murders on the increase.

Yet all this is totally unnecessary. The IRA could be all but wiped out in a week — if government had the will to tackle the job.

The level of intelligence achieved by the security forces in Northern Ireland is now very good. It is known where the vast majority of leading IRA activists are to be located. They could be tracked down and 'taken out' without trouble. All that is needed is the order from the Government for this to be done.

But the Government will not give the order.

It still persists in the view that IRA killers are just ordinary offenders, entitled to normal rights under the law, such as arrest and formal prosecution, trial by jury, and so on.

The Government is in fact living in cloud-cuckooland. A war is being conducted against Britain, and the rules of war are that you eliminate your enemy where you find him, with no legal niceties. These are the rules played to by the gangsters of the IRA. It is time that Britain started to play to the same rules.

Such is the kid-gloves approach adopted towards the terrorists by one government after another that these terrorists have become so arrogant and brazen that they openly parade in front of the press cameras and under the noses of the security forces on their own 'special occasions', such as IRA funerals, in full uniform and carrying their weapons, merely hiding their faces to escape identification. As if to rub it in in a final gesture of contempt for the weakness of the British state, it is their habit to give their dead comrades a send-off by firing volleys into the air in the way of salute.

And our security forces are ordered just to stand by and do nothing!

When the BNP finally wins power in this country, this policy is going to change — radically. Our security forces in Ulster, and their counterparts on the Mainland are going to be ordered to liquidate the IRA by all means necessary, including shooting to kill in all situations where recognised IRA operatives are found.

And if the Government of the Irish Republic does not like this it should be told to mind its own business!

RIGHT OUT IN THE OPEN
This is a picture of an IRA funeral, with masked terrorists parading right under the noses of the British security forces. The fact that these men were not shot, or even arrested, shows that the Government simply is not serious about fighting the republican murderers.

BRING BACK THE ROPE!

A much tougher approach is needed in the war against crime

WITH a crime rate that increased by 16 per-cent in 1991, Britain is lapsing into anarchy. In response to this breakdown of law and order, the approaches of the three leading parties are quite pathetic.

None of them includes in its manifesto any commitment to restore the much-needed death penalty for murder and terrorism. We are pledged to do so.

In the Labour and Liberal manifestos there is not any mention of stiffer penalties for offenders in any category of crime; in the Tory manifesto increased penalties are proposed only for joy-riders, dangerous drivers and those who commit offences while on bail. We are pledged to introduce much harsher punishments for a wide range of crimes, including particularly robbery, mugging and rape.

All of the manifestos of the three main parties talk of improving prison conditions — in other words making prisons nicer places to live in. We believe that prisons should be places to which the criminal will never wish to return.

The feeble response of the other parties to crime in Britain, which has doubled since 1979, is simply indicative of a flabbiness of approach to everything, It's time that the weaklings were removed — and replaced by people with the will to govern!

TWO DIFFERENT WORLDS

JOHN TYNDALL examines the vast gulf between the BNP and the politicians and parties of the old order, which know nothing of powerful ideals and offer only bread and circuses

A POINT which our party will be stressing regularly in the 1992 general election is that of the depressing 'sameness' in the policies of the Westminster parties.

And there is justification enough for this: over a wide area of national issues — immigration, the economy, Europe, law and order, capital punishment, overseas aid and foreign affairs, just to mention a few — the differences between these parties is, at the most, minimal. Their arguments range simply over ways and means to implement programmes stemming from goals that in almost all respects are basically the same.

But there is a further sense in which these parties might be lumped together — and here is where their outlook differs fundamentally from ours: their entire appeal to the British public, such as it is, is crudely materialistic. It is pitched solely at the basest instincts of individual selfishness and greed; it panders only to each voter's desire to achieve the best possible benefits in the way of money, living standards and the satisfaction of personal ambition. Toryism, Labourite Socialism and 'Liberal Democracy' simply constitute minor variations of method in pursuit of these overriding priorities.

As election time draws near, the political parties of the old order all engage public relations experts who are paid to sniff about among the masses of voters to ascertain what the latter most want. Party election programmes are then cobbled together in which each party strives to outdo the others in a game of popular bribery. The recent Tory budget was a perfect example of this practice — something for everybody, the extent of the bribes tempered only by the limits of available money and the need not to spend so much courting one section of the electorate that not enough is available to court the next. Labour spokesmen have rightly condemned this budget as a mere spree of vote-catching, but of course were Labour the party of government it would have done exactly the same.

NO PRINCIPLES, NO IDEALS

And what of Mr. and Mrs. Average Voter themselves? Question them on how they make their choices at election time and they will confirm that they will give their support to whatever party seems to offer them the most for themselves. Of course, this only demonstrates that the bankruptcy of principles and ideals with which politics in Britain have been corrupted has in large part infected the nation as a whole. Each individual is scrambling for what he or she can get, with little if any regard for the overall national good. Are the British people as a whole to blame for this? Hardly so. Politics having set the tone of national debate, with the mass media making their own large contribution to the process, it is the instinct of the man in the street to determine his priorities in accordance with the prevailing norms. And this in turn further corrupts the political climate, as even the better intentioned of politicians feels bound to toady to this spirit of individual self-centredness and materialistic values if he is to stand a chance of winning or staying in office.

Theodore Dalrymple, writing in *The Spectator* on the 21st September last year, spoke of the British being "spiritually, culturally and emotionally the most impoverished people in the world, compared with whom the slum-dwellers of Mexico City or the tribesmen of the Congo...lead fulfilling lives." To some it might seem stretching a point to link this description with the city landscape of contemporary London, the ugliness of which has now become such a matter of national shame that a panel of architects has been appointed to examine the feasibility of demolishing a large part of it. The two, however, are not unconnected. They form parts of a whole, along with the appalling noise masquerading as 'music' that screams out at us in a multitude of public places as well as dominating our radio and TV channels.

Last month the Home Office released figures showing that crime rose by 16 per-cent during 1991. Far from acknowledging this as a national disgrace, the Government actually hinted that it was something worth congratulating ourselves about, as the increase during the previous year had been a staggering 19 per-cent! This is a measure of the spirit of resignation in which the collapse of our society is now viewed — a massive growth of law-breaking year by year is taken for granted, and when one year the growth slows down slightly we are supposed to be thankful for such small mercies!

It is so typical of the atmosphere in which current public discussion is conducted that this rocketing breakdown of law and order should be seen primarily as a phenomenon arising out of material deprivation rather than one symptomatic of moral degeneracy. If we throw yet more money at the inner cities, so the reasoning goes, the inhabitants of those concrete jungles will appreciate the gesture with such gratitude that they will transform themselves into model citizens, thenceforward respecting society's rules and conventions with a new-found ardour. Could any supposition be more pathetic in its misunderstanding of the true causes of our national malaise?

Spiralling crime, like ugliness of sight and sound, forms part of a pattern of spiritual poverty in our lives of which the symptoms are more than a thousandfold, including as these do the abysmal level to which politics in this country have now descended. It should be no matter of surprise to us, given this general condition, that an election is conducted by appeals to the most mercenary sentiments among the people; it could not be otherwise as we approach the end of a century more starved of nobility in human aspirations than any yet recorded.

OUR CHALLENGE

It is against this world of debased values that we hurl our challenge. The challenge is far more than merely a political one; it embraces every single aspect of living, every sphere of human thought and action. It is religious and philosophical as much as it is concerned with the policies and procedures of government. If its aims are to be summed up in one single word, that word is **renewal**: renewal of politics, renewal of economic life, renewal of society, renewal of our culture, renewal of the moral order, renewal of our people.

I have mentioned the religious dimension, but this is not to say that our movement ties itself to any particular denomination or church. In our Election Manifesto we have said:-

> "We are pledged to wage war against all those influences that are making for the disintegration of our society. This is a war in which traditionally minded Christians have a role, but it is not one that should concern Christians alone; we believe that the issues involved in combating the collapse of Britain's social and moral fabric are ones which transcend questions of religion. Both the religious and the non-religious should be capable of understanding the ethical and social conventions which over the centuries have served to shape a cohesive society in this country, and should be able to reach common ground in seeking to restore them."

The religious dimension to our struggle comes from the fact that we are, above all, dedicated to a set of mighty ideals that stem, in the last analysis, from the forces of the human spirit — to be specific, the spirit of our ancestors who built this country to its former greatness and glory and spread the domain of the British race to the furthest corners of the globe. We regard our inheritance from these former generations as one which far transcends the realm of the merely material: it is to us a holy grail of familial trust, which imposes upon us the duty to guard it, nurture it and pass it on to those coming after us. Our commitment to our task is first and foremost a moral one, and only secondarily, and in consequence of that, is it political. Politics are to us merely the vehicle by which we can obtain the power needed to carry out a revolutionary process of regeneration of our people. For this reason we believe we are justified in claiming for our cause the character of a religious mission. It is a religious mission in which we seek no quarrel with the established religions; on the contrary, we are only too ready to work in alliance with those belonging to the established religions who seek the same goals of renewal as we do — and of these there are many, today perhaps alienated from their churches by the apostasy of the contemporary priesthood but still loyal to their traditional beliefs.

ON THE MARCH FOR A NEW BRITAIN
The campaign being waged by the BNP in this election is much more than just a political one; it is a crusade for national regeneration.

THEIR WORLD AND OURS

From all this it should be abundantly clear that between ourselves and the parties of the establishment there is a gulf of such magnitude that it might be said to separate two different worlds. In their world there is the acceptance of a decayed and dying civilisation, of a society gone rotten at the core; and the political art consists of ways and means to negotiate a course through the wreckage. All the evils of our contemporary culture — the disintegration of the family, rising illegitimacy, drug-taking, urban blight, rocketing crime, uglification, homosexuality, feminism, the aging of the population — these are accepted as part of the social landscape about which politicians can do nothing and which are not anyway their business. Government becomes a process of offering people the lifebelts they need to keep afloat in a sea of ever-darkening filth over which prime ministers, cabinets and parliaments have long abandoned control.

Our challenge is a challenge to the basic supposition that these evils cannot be eradicated. It is a challenge to the powerlessness of government to change and to renew. It is a challenge to the assumption that nothing can be done.

Millions of words have been written by journalists and spoken by politicians about the large numbers of young people in Britain today who have no respect for authority and who believe in nothing.

But what is this but a massive indictment of the leaders of the established political parties, most of all those who have presided over government, who have failed to create any authority worthy of respect or to offer our young folk any strong ideals worth living for?

And with a nation bankrupt of ideals, what can politicians offer at election times other than mere appeals to a craving for creature comforts and and a preoccupation with strictly personal goals?

WHAT WE OFFER

This is where our world is in fundamental conflict with theirs. Certainly, we do not reject people's quest for material improvement; quite the contrary, we offer a programme for economic reconstruction which will provide the opportunity for better living standards than have ever before been achieved in these islands.

But we offer much more than merely that. We offer the recovery of national pride and national honour. We offer a concept of patriotism that will raise that word from the present low esteem in which it is held to something once again commanding the favour of all.

We offer the vision of a society once again dedicated, as were the finest societies across the ages, to nobility and beauty. We hold up the vision of a land ringing with great music, illuminated by great art, inspired by great drama and uplifted by great literature. We appeal to the people to help us create magnificent cities and clean and picturesque towns that might earn the admiration of mankind.

Above all, we offer the ideal of a reborn people: of a new race of Britons, sturdy of limb, keen of eye and imbued with the finest qualities of manhood and womanhood, a race that might once more perform the deeds that led its forebears across the oceans to the mighty achievement of empire — a reincarnation of the breed that manned the thin red line at Waterloo and inspired the finest lines of Kipling.

Of course, to the half-witted and the decadent such talk of race will evoke the spectre of 'hatred', to be followed an instant later by moronic whines about 'fascism'. But there is no hatred in this dream, only a long suppressed yearning for a revival of the ancestral type; such negative sentiments of hatefulness we leave to those who across the ages have eyed the breed with envy, and who today coalesce in organised malignance to prevent its resurrection.

But here again is where our worlds collide. **They** design their social utopias on foundations where the human content is of little account, and then they wring their hands in perplexity when the final product fails to match up to the lavish expectations of the blueprint. We recognise that the first requirement for a better society is better people, and we are pledged to create the conditions both of nature and nurture whereby this may be pursued successfully.

MEANING OF AUTHORITY

Then what of authority? Once more, their world and our world are at polar opposites. When they speak of 'authority' they are thinking only of statutes — of dead pieces of paper imprinted with the acts of a parliament which long ago ceased to be the servant of the nation which gave birth to it, and which now legislates at the whim of whatever powerful vested interest happens to shout loudest on the day. To them this 'authority' is sacrosanct, regardless of whether it is backed up either by moral example or the evidence of good works achieved. Lisping wimps who have presided only over national decay and disgrace are vested with this 'authority' by virtue of their having proved no more than adroit operatives in the legalised swindle that we call party politics. Men and women who have made careers out of selling our national birthright have 'authority' because they are elected members of the House of Commons and have passed the laws which their overlords in the world of money and patronage have commanded them to pass. Judges and magistrates are then seen as having 'authority' because they are the daily administrators of those laws.

We can only emit a hollow laugh when we hear appeals for the observance of 'authority' coming from the people who bolted in terror from the rioters in Handsworth and Brixton rather than enforce the law, and who in 23 years have nothing to show in their contest with the IRA but a record of impotence and surrender.

To us, authority is much more than a law passed by parliament. To us, authority is vested in those personalities who can command it by the inspiration of their leadership and the magnitude of their deeds. When government emerges that will grapple successfully with the problems besetting Britain in the late 20th

Contd. overleaf

SPREADING THE WORD

Items available from the BNP Bookshop

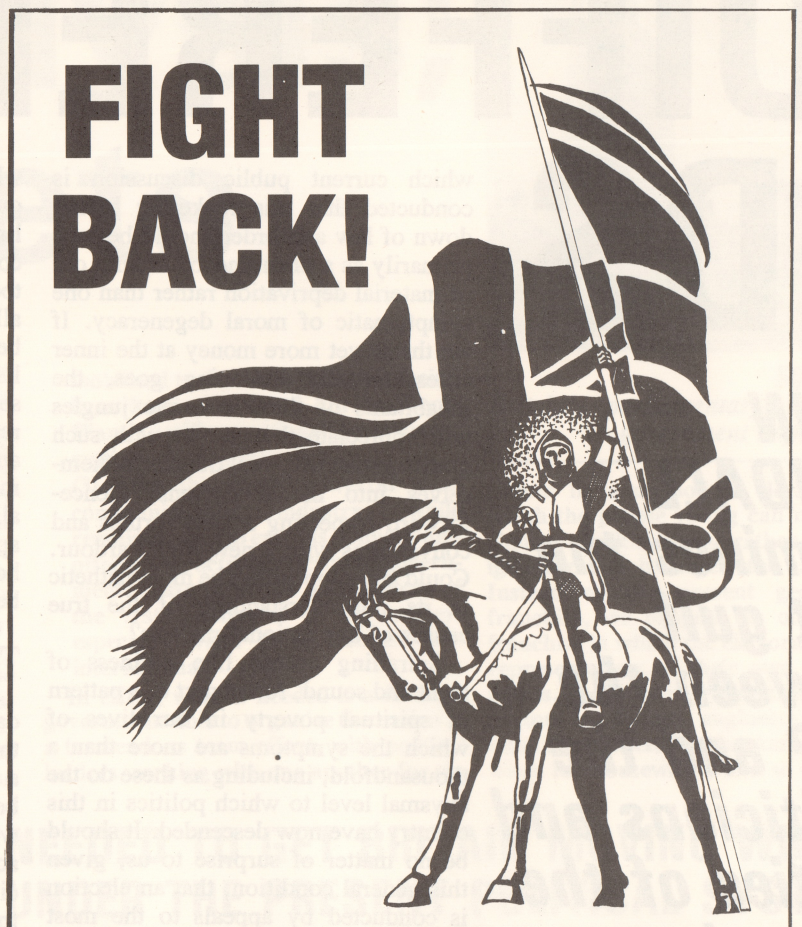
154 Upper Wickham Lane
Welling
Kent DA16 3DP
Telephone: 081 316 4721

Open Tuesdays to Fridays, 10 a.m. to 5.30 p.m.

STICKER

Self-adhesive sticker. £2 per 100 plus 18p p&p. Order from Norwich BNP, 9 Johnson Place, Norwich NR2 2SA.

ELECTION MANIFESTO



Fight Back! **The BNP Election Manifesto for April 1992. A comprehensive exposition of the party's policies on all the major issues confronting Britain. 60p plus 18p p&p.**

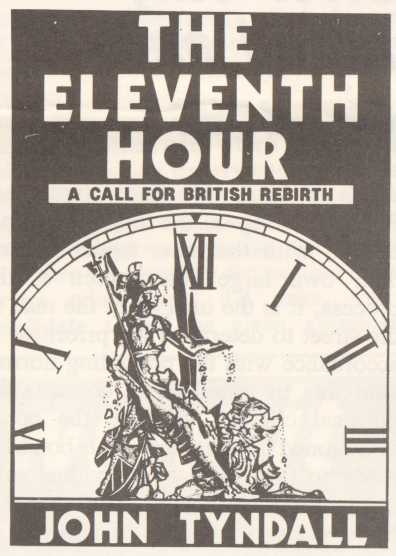
POLICY LEAFLET

Where We Stand**: A very brief synopsis of BNP policies, this is the standard leaflet send to enquirers to the party. 10p plus 18p p&p.**

VIDEO

Rally '91**: 2¼-hour video-recording of the BNP Annual Rally in London on October 12th 1991. This is the only authorised recording on sale in the U.K. £12 plus 93p p&p.**

BOOK



The Eleventh Hour **(by BNP leader John Tyndall): Gives in-depth analysis of British Nationalist ideology. Paperback £10 plus £2.50 p&p. Hardback £15 plus £3.15 p&p.**

MAGAZINE

Spearhead**: 20-page monthly supporting the BNP. Subscription £12.50, Sample copy 70p plus 28p p&p.**

TWO DIFFERENT WORLDS
(Contd. from prev. page)

century and raise this nation back to a respected place in the world by the demonstration of its strength and its achievements, that government will have some entitlement to 'authority'. When a parliament is formed comprising representatives dedicated to the welfare of the British nation and the British nation alone, that parliament will have some claim to 'authority'. When men come to the fore in national affairs who have the aspect of chieftains and who can speak in tones that rekindle the fires of national pride and ardour, those men will acquire 'authority'. For the moment, all talk of 'authority' in the absence of these essentials is mere hot air.

RETURN OF DUTIES

There is one more vital respect in which we find ourselves a world apart from the parties of yesterday. We go to the electorate not only with a message as to what we will give to the people but also with one as to what we feel it right to demand **from** the people. We have the temerity to do what no-one has done since the days of wartime: to speak of **duties**, and not just of 'rights'.

Of course, there is the duty of every citizen of this country to obey the law — that will not be argued.

But duties do not end there; they go further.

It is fashionable today to say that any kind of human behaviour is permissible so long as it does not harm others. But of whom do they speak when they refer to 'others'?

The answer would seem to be: others living — moreover, others seen strictly as individuals, not as members of a nation. That is as far as the concept extends.

An individual can live a life of personal decadence and degeneration, abusing his body, poisoning his mind and rendering no service of value whatever to his community — that is alright so long as whatever he does does not interfere with the life of the individual next door, who may be regarded as free to do exactly the same thing subject to the same conditions.

We believe that this is an unacceptably narrow concept of the boundaries of individual obligation and responsibility.

To us, the individual is a link in a chain, a chain connecting the past with the present and future. He owes a debt to those who came before him and he has a duty to those coming after him.

Nor is he just a 'person', a human atom; he is part of a nation and of a race.

If he is British, he is advantaged to live a life of quality far superior to that of most other peoples in the world. And why is this? It is because his nation, his race, has over the ages built a civilisation far higher in its standards than most of those that are to be found elsewhere. This is his debt to the past.

And in what way should that debt be honoured? It should be honoured by his conducting his life in such a manner as to sustain that civilisation and pass it on intact — indeed, if possible, enhanced — to those generations coming after.

In this concept, it is not enough just to refrain from 'harming others'. The individual has a duty to contribute positively to the maintenance of his community's heritage. He should live a life conducive to good health of body and mind, so that this contribution may measure up to the maximum of his potential. And he should give constant thought to what he will leave behind him when his time comes to depart this world. Will this bequest enrich his people or will it impoverish it? To us, these are vital questions; they strike at the very core of what constitutes good citizenship. Yet they are questions which form no part of the thinking of those who define citizenship in today's Britain.

THE FORGOTTEN CATALOGUE OF DUTIES

This discussion of duties could be extended indefinitely were there the space. There is the duty to work; the duty to defend one's country; the duty to keep one's neighbourhood clean and tidy; the duties of fatherhood and motherhood; the duty to infuse one's children with a sense of the civic virtues and with values contributive to a strong family and a strong nation; the duty in the first place to choose a marriage partner through whom the nation as we have known it might be continued; the duty, when making purchases of goods and services, to patronise our own country's industries rather than another country's industries (whenever this is reasonably possible). These are just a few of the things that should come to mind when the concept of good citizenship is discussed. Yet of them there is scarcely any talk in current political debate, which revolves solely around which party clamouring for seats in parliament can offer a more seductive selection of hand-outs to the voters than which other party.

Yes, we and they represent two different worlds. Theirs is a world in which all the population are seen as children, who have to be wet-nursed with promises of goodies and gifts and never summoned to arduous tasks. Ours is a world in which those among the people who have attained adulthood are encouraged to think and act as adults and to take upon themselves the burdens that should be accepted by the heirs of a great estate. In their world political argument is at the level of the kindergarten, with all serious subjects excluded on the supposition that the people are not grown-up enough to hear about them; elections thereupon become fought over childish trivia. In our world the serious is given priority, and no issue is allowed to become taboo if the whole future of the nation depends upon it. Our Manifesto is a genuine attempt to bring politics back to an adult plane, and to talk to the people about those things which will determine whether Britain survives or dies, whether in the coming century we live greatly as befits a great nation with a great history or whether we become — merely history.

Never before has there been a time of such vital decision. Never before has the people's choice been so important.

SCOTLAND

BNP campaign exposes phony 'nationalists'

SCOTLAND has in recent years become one of the most important growth areas for the British National Party, and in this election the BNP will be fighting two Scottish seats: Clydesdale and Edinburgh West.

One of the main thrusts of the BNP electoral campaign in Scotland will be to expose the bogus claims of the so-called Scottish 'National' Party to speak for the Scottish people.

In fact the SNP in reality is not a true nationalist party at all.

It speaks of 'independence' for Scotland. But according to its policy this will be ''independence within Europe.'' That is a contradiction in terms. European Community institutions are supra-national; one cannot belong to the Community and be an independent nation.

Then the SNP speaks of a 'Scottish identity', but just how does it propose to preserve the Scottish identity? In one of its leaflets on immigration it says: ''The SNP will campaign for greater attention to ethnic minority cultures to increase understanding in a multi-racial Scotland.''

SCOTS LIB OR GAY LIB?
This report published in the Daily Record *shows the type of candidate acceptable to the SNP in this election.*

The message could not be clearer. The SNP is in no way opposed to Third World immigration into Scotland but in fact positively welcomes it. Obviously it wants Scotland not to be Scottish but to be multi-racial.

In fact, behind all its kilts and bagpipes, behind its ostentatious waving of the St. Andrew's flag, the SNP is in reality a left-wing socialist party, attached to all the familiar lefty, 'politically correct' shibboleths — one example of of this being its love of queers. Indeed its candidate in this election for Provan constituency in Glasgow, Sandra McRae, is a sex-change case who began life as a man. In his male days, good 'Scots Nat' that he was, he was married to a Ghanaian nurse called Bibi. This did not prevent him posing before the electors as a 'Nationalist' candidate when he stood for the SNP in Midlothian in 1966, then under the name of Stephen Rae. No doubt he now hoped to do better as a woman.

In this election the BNP in Scotland will be campaigning strongly for the preservation of the Union. It opposes not only separatism but also 'devolution' — another 'con' intended to persuade Scots that with a local parliament somehow things will be different —whereas they will remain exactly the same, only with a bigger tax bill to be born by Scottish voters.

Daily Record
Incorporating DAILY MIRROR
No. 34,011

KOO LOSES HER SNAPS
FULL STORY PAGE THREE

TODAY IN Women
A NEW FACE IN ONLY TEN MINUTES A DAY

PLUS FROM CASUALTY TO CATWALK

STARTS ON PAGE 17

NATS PICK SEX SWAP SANDRA

Six foot blonde bids to be MP

AN SNP candidate who fought three General Elections as a man is to stand again . . . as a WOMAN.

Sex-change solicitor Sandra MacRae, 50, has been chosen to fight the Provan constituency in Glasgow.

The seat is held by Labour's Jimmy Wray, who had a massive majority of 15,032 over the SNP at the last General Election in 1987.

By TOM GRANT

Miss MacRae, a six-foot fashionably-dressed blonde, was a prop forward with Stornoway Rugby Club and was married to a Ghanaian nurse called Bibi.

He unsuccessfully contested the Midlothian constituency for the SNP in 1966, coming last in the poll which was won by Labour's Stephen Ross.

In Edinburgh Pentlands in 1970, he was last again when Norman Wylie was successful for the Tories.

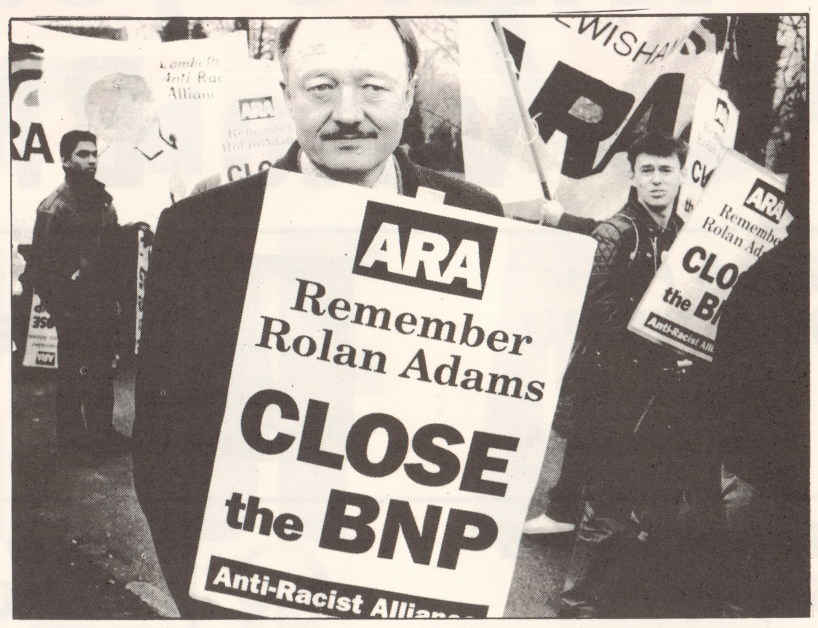
In the October 1974, he came third in Edinburgh Central when Robin Cook won the seat with 13,000 votes. As SNP candidate left Stornoway in 1976 only to reappear 18 months later as Sandra MacRae.

TURN TO PAGE TWO

THE MAN . . . Scot Nat Stephen Rae

THE WOMAN . . . Sandra MacRae

THE HIGHEST PRAISE...?



Seen at a recent demo. If he's against us we must be doing something right!

POST OFFICE ATTEMPTS TO BLOCK OUR ELECTION LITERATURE

HALFWAY through the election campaign, it has already become evident that in Britain's glorious 'democracy' the authorities are doing their best to place every possible obstacle in the way of the British National Party's right to make its voice heard by the voting public.

In the London *Evening Standard* on the 17th March it was reported that the Post Office had appointed an official in each of its districts to act as, in effect, a censor of literature to be distributed by 'racialist' organisations via the Post Office free delivery service. The workings of this attempted censorship have already become apparent, for in a number of areas where BNP agents have handed in their candidates' election addresses for postal distribution PO officials have stated their unwillingness to accept such items on the grounds of their 'racist' content. Even the slogan 'Rights for Whites', used in some BNP literature, has been deemed unacceptable!

The latest is that these postal officials have placed the BNP literature in the hands of their own legal advisers and we are awaiting their verdict on the matter. If the verdict should be one of refusal to accept the literature, the BNP is ready to go to the High Court to obtain an injunction against the Post Office forcing it to grant the party the same legal rights as are given to other political groups.

In the preparation of the BNP's election addresses great care has been taken when dealing with matters of immigration and race not to use wording that might be ruled an offence under current 'race relations' legislation. Nevertheless, it seems that any mention of race at all, however innocuous, is regarded as taboo by the authorities. This would be in accordance with the veto placed on mention of the issue by the Prime Minister and the heads of the other main parties, which we have examined on page two of this issue.

At the end of the day, the Post Office is, of course, a department of the state — that is of the Government. There is no doubt in our minds that this attempted ban on the distribution of the BNP's election literature is a move originating from the very top. The powers that be are terrified of the BNP and are determined to use all methods, fair or foul, to gag us.

We can promise them that they will fail!

Contact your local party unit

THE BRITISH NATIONAL PARTY is organised into active units extending over most of the United Kingdom. Below we give a list of the main units:-

ISLINGTON & CAMDEN
BM Box 3958, London WC1N 3XX

EAST LONDON
PO Box 300, Emma Street, Hackney, London E2 7BZ

HILLINGDON
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SOUTH EAST LONDON
PO Box 117, Welling, Kent DA16 3DW

EPPING FOREST
PO Box 12, Loughton, Essex IG10 2DN

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PO Box 48, Tonbridge TN11 9JF

EAST KENT
113 Beaver Lane, Ashford TN23 2NX

SUFFOLK
2 Albert Road, Framlingham

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9 Johnson Place, Norwich NR2 2SA

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PO Box 811, Bradwell Common, Milton Keynes, Bucks. MK13 8YZ

DEVON
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SOUTH WALES
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BIRMINGHAM
PO Box 771, Great Barr, Birmingham B44 9LZ

STOKE-ON-TRENT
PO Box 312, Hanley, Staffs. ST1 0SG

LEICESTER
PO Box 148, Leicester LE3 2YD

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PO Box 211, Peterborough, Cambs. PE3 8JE

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PO Box 72, Irthlingborough, Wellingborough, Northants. NN9 5XN

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MANCHESTER & SALFORD
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PO Box 6, Thornton, Bradford BD13 3QF

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WAKEFIELD
PO Box 26, Wakefield WF2 9YT

DEWSBURY
PO Box 32, Dewsbury WF12 0YU

HALIFAX
PO Box 133, Halifax HX3 6HB

DARLINGTON
PO Box 61, Darlington, Co. Durham DL3 9RD

TYNE & WEAR
PO Box 8, South Shields, NE33 1LP

CUMBRIA
PO Box 7, Ulverston, Cumbria LA12 8LX

EDINBURGH
PO Box 719, Edinburgh EH4 2SR

GLASGOW
PO Box 85, Glasgow G3 8UL

PAISLEY
PO Box 72, Paisley PA2 0BH

DUNDEE
PO Box 161, Dundee DD1 9YR

TAYSIDE
PO Box 210, Dundee

The BNP also has units in Richmond-on-Thames, Redbridge, Barking & Dagenham, Isle of Sheppey, Watford, Gloucestershire, Bristol & Bath, Stevenage, Bedford, Stourbridge, Stoke-on-Trent, Walsall, Derby, Grantham, Bolton & Bury, Warrington, Blackpool, Batley, York, Tees-side, Sunderland, Stirling & Alloa, Fife, Cumbernauld, Greenock, Lanarkshire, Ayr, Cumnock (Ayrshire), Aberdeen, Inverness and Portadown (N. Ireland). If you want to make contact with any of these units, or start a new unit, please write to BNP Head Office at PO Box 117, Welling, Kent DA16 3DW.

Farewell to a great crusader

KENNETH McKILLIAM 1911-92

IT was with the greatest sadness that we heard of the death on March 12th of one of Britain's greatest patriots, Captain Kenneth McKilliam. He was 80.

Ken McKilliam was brought up in Australia. Like many of his generation, he was a tremendous British loyalist. He served with the Commandos in the early part of World War II and later with African troops in East Africa. After the war he was in colonial service for 25 years.

After returning to the UK he became involved in political activities. He joined the National Front in the late 1960s and was an active member of that party for many years, at one time being Kent Regional Organiser. When the NF split in 1980 he joined the British National Party and was active on its behalf until age began to take its toll and he was forced to cut down on activity. In addition to giving loyal service to the BNP, he was also a founder member of ABEX (the Association of British Ex-Servicemen), in which capacity he was very active.

Ken McKilliam did a great deal of speaking and writing on both the racial question and Zionism. He specialised in publishing informative pamphlets exposing the workings of Zionist power and international finance. Not much more than a year before his death and when he was in his late seventies, he had his home raided by the police on orders from the Government, as a result of which a great deal of material relating to his writings were taken away with a view to examining the possibility of prosecuting him for 'crimes' under Britain's infamous race laws. He heard no more of the matter,

KENNETH McKILLIAM
Outstanding patriot

and it must be presumed that the authorities decided that it would look bad for them to be seen attempting to harass and persecute a man of his age merely for expressing his opinions. He was, however, not the least daunted by this experience and indeed challenged the powers that be to charge him.

When questioned by the police as to whether he hated Blacks, he said: ''I spent 25 years of my life helping black people, but I don't want them over here.''

Ken McKilliam was regarded with great affection and respect by all those who knew him. He was a scholar and a gentleman of the old school. His passing will be greeted with the deepest sadness by his many friends. Our sympathies go out to his wife and family in their loss.

Main BNP election rallies

SATURDAY, APRIL 4th, IN THE AFTERNOON
ROCHDALE (Lancs.)
Main speaker: RICHARD EDMONDS

SATURDAY, APRIL 4th, IN THE AFTERNOON
LARKHALL (Lanarks.)
Main speakers:-
JOHN TYNDALL & DAVID BRUCE

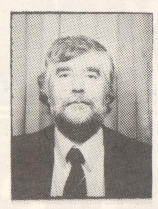
MONDAY, APRIL 6th, IN THE EVENING
TOWER HAMLETS (East London)
Main speakers:-
JOHN TYNDALL & RICHARD EDMONDS

Details of precise times and locations will be made known later

Where you can vote BNP

Bow & Poplar
JOHN TYNDALL

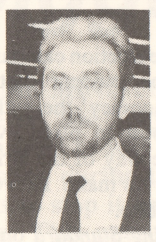
Blaby
JOHN PEACOCK



Bethnal Green & Stepney
RICHARD EDMONDS

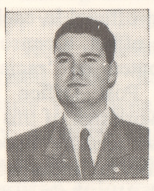
Erewash
LAURENCE JOHNSON

Southwark & Bermondsey
STEVE TYLER



Rochdale
KEN HENDERSON

Uxbridge
MICHAEL O'ROURKE



Dewsbury
Lady JANE BIRDWOOD

Cardiff North
JOHN MORSE

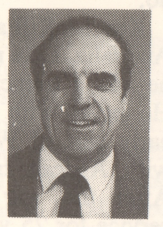
Darlington
Dr. DONALD CLARKE

Peterborough
RICHARD HEATON

Clydesdale
STEVE CARTWRIGHT

Shown here is the list of British National Party candidates who will be contesting the coming general election, together with the names of the constituencies in which they will be standing. Be careful to note if these constituencies include your own. And if they do — vote BNP on April 9th!

Edinburgh West
DAVID BRUCE



British National Party ties: Black with BNP roundel between crossed Union Jacks. Price: £7.50 inc. p&p. All profits to national Election Fund. Orders to Devon BNP, PO Box 1, Torrington, N. Devon EX38 8HQ.

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Cheques/POs to *British Nationalist*, PO Box 117, Welling, Kent DA16 3DW. Please keep orders, enquiries and payments to *British Nationalist* entirely separate from other correspondence and remittances so as to avoid delay and confusion.

Election Fund: Send all you can!

Shortly before our going to press, the £5,000 target set for the British National Party's Election Fund was met. However, if we can raise more we can make the final part of our campaign even more effective. We need to print as much election literature as our activists can get out. We need to increase our campaign's full-time staff. And much else. We also need to get this money as quickly as possible. Send your donations to: PO Box 117, Welling, Kent DA16 3DW. Please give generously — and give now!

SUBSCRIBE!

In order to make sure of receiving *British Nationalist* regularly, why not take out a subscription? Rates for 12 issues are: British Isles £6.00; Overseas surface mail £8.25. Please make cheques/POs payable to *British Nationalist* and send them with name and address to: PO Box 117, Welling, Kent DA16 3DW.

An extra charge is payable on subscriptions sent in foreign currency. This is: On cheques/money orders £5.50; on banknotes £2.50.

Name.....

Address.....

.....

On the BNP campaign trail

WELCOME AT BLABY

AN excellent Day of Action was held in the Blaby constituency on Saturday, the 7th March, when 20 members of the British National Party, armed with leaflets and copies of British Nationalist, *assembled in the Blaby and Lutterworth shopping centres.*

The response from the public was very good, and they were clearly delighted to see the BNP in town. Many copies of the paper were sold and a large number of leaflets were handed out to shoppers.

Following the paper sale in the centre of Lutterworth, the BNP team proceeded, with flags flying, to the local housing estates, where leaflets were delivered door-to-door. As children and parents looked out of the windows at the flags (something they are not used to seeing when the other parties are campaigning), the BNP prospective parliamentary candidate for Blaby, John Peacock, broadcast a powerful message on a loudhailer which was well received by a great many residents.

The photo underneath shows part of the BNP team in the main shopping centre in Blaby.

What we stand for

- The establishment of a government of national unity that will put an end to nationally divisive party warfare; the return of leadership and statesmanship to British affairs.
- An end to immigration and a start to repatriation.
- British withdrawal from the Common Market
- The disbanding of the multi-racial Commonwealth and its replacement by a new Commonwealth of self-governing white states.
- British ownership and control of British industry and resources.
- Protection of British industry by the selective exclusion of foreign manufactured goods from the British market.
- An end to the financial swindle that causes inflation and slump, and its replacement by a sane and fair financial system that will give the people the purchasing power to buy the goods they produce.
- The subordination of the power of the City to the power of government, and the harnessing of the City to the needs of British industry.
- The regeneration of British farming, with the object of achieving the maximum possible self-sufficiency in food production.
- Rejection of both the poll tax and its substitute, the new 'property tax', and a return to the old rates system, though with fairer rebates allowing for differences in income and in the numbers occupying properties.
- A healthy environment for a healthy people — the protection of our countryside and an end to the architectural disfigurement of our towns and cities.
- Tougher treatment of criminals, including the return of the death penalty.
- A return to traditional methods of education, with stronger discipline in the classroom and the sacking of 'trendy' teachers.
- An alternative defence strategy: withdrawal from NATO, closure of all foreign military and air bases in Britain, the strengthening of Britain's defences and a position of armed neutrality.
- An end to overseas aid and the allocation of the money saved to the financing of repatriation and greater help for the needy at home.
- The crushing of the IRA, the termination of the Anglo-Irish Agreement and firm support for the loyalist majority in Northern Ireland.
- Repeal of the laws permitting homosexuality and abortion (except where the latter is the result of rape or necessary on medical grounds), the wiping out of AIDS and a return to healthy moral values aimed at strengthening the family and community.

WRITE TO US

To: British National Party, PO Box 117, Welling, Kent DA16 3DW (*Tick appropriate box*):-

Please send me more information, for which I enclose 30p ☐

I wish to become a member and enclose the yearly fee of £12 (half rate for OAPs and students) ☐

Name.....

Address.....

.....

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